

Hospice Care Services

Medicaid and Other Medical Assistance Programs



This publication supersedes all previous Hospice Care Services manuals. Published by the Montana Department of Public Health & Human Services, July 2004.

Updated January 2005.

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My Medicaid Provider ID Number:



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Key Contacts

Hours for Key Contacts are 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday (Mountain Time), unless otherwise stated. The phone numbers designated "In state" will not work outside Montana.

Provider Relations

For questions about eligibility, payments, denials, general claims questions, Medicaid or PASSPORT provider enrollment, address or phone number changes, or to request provider manuals or fee schedules:

(800) 624-3958 In state (406) 442-1837 Out of state and Helena

Send written inquiries to:

Provider Relations Unit P.O. Box 4936 Helena, MT 59604

Claims

Send paper claims to:

Claims Processing Unit P. O. Box 8000 Helena, MT 59604

Client Eligibility

For client eligibility, see the *Client Eligibility* and *Responsibilities* chapter in the *General Information For Providers* manual.

Senior and Long Term Care

For hospice program information:

(406) 444-4064 Phone (406) 444-7743 Fax

Send written inquiries to:

Senior and Long Term Care P.O. Box 4210 Helena, MT 59604

Third Party Liability

For questions about private insurance, Medicare or other third-party liability:

(800) 624-3958 In state (406) 443-1365 Out of state and Helena (406) 442-0357 Fax

Send written inquiries to:

ACS Third Party Liability Unit P. O. Box 5838 Helena, MT 59604

Provider's Policy Questions

For policy questions, contact the appropriate division of the Department of Public Health and Human Services; see the *Introduction* chapter in the *General Information For Providers* manual.

Technical Services Center

Providers who have questions or changes regarding electronic funds transfer should call the number below and ask for the Direct Deposit Manager.

(406) 444-9500

ACS EDI Gateway

For questions regarding electronic claims submissions:

(800) 987-6719 Phone (850) 385-1705 Fax

ACS EDI Gateway Services 2324 Killearn Center Blvd. Tallahassee, FL 32309

Key Contacts ii.1

Secretary of State

The Secretary of State's office publishes the most current version of the Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM):

(**406**) **444-2055** Phone

Secretary of State P.O. Box 202801 Helena, MT 59620-2801

ii.2 Key Contacts

Key Web Sites

Web Address	Information Available
web Address	Illioi mation Available
Virtual Human Services Pavilion (VHSP) vhsp.dphhs.mt.gov	 Select Human Services for the following information: Medicaid: Medicaid Eligibility & Payment System (MEPS). Eligibility and claims history information. Senior and Long Term Care: Provider search, home/housing options, healthy living, government programs, publications, protective/legal services, financial planning. DPHHS: Latest news and events, Mental Health Services Plan information, program information, office locations, divisions, resources, legal information, and links to other state and federal web sites. Health Policy and Services Division: Children's Health Insurance Plan (CHIP), Medicaid provider information such as manuals, newsletters, fee schedules, and enrollment information.
Provider Information Website www.mtmedicaid.org or www.dphhs.mt.gov/hpsd/medicaid/medicaid2	 Medicaid Information Medicaid news Provider manuals Notices and manual replacement pages Fee schedules Remittance advice notices Forms Provider enrollment Frequently asked questions (FAQs) Upcoming events Electronic billing information Newsletters Key contacts
Medicaid Mental Health and Mental Health Services Plan www.dphhs.mt.gov/about_us/divisions/ addictive_mental_disorders/services/ public_mental_health_services.htm	Mental Health Services information for Medicaid and MHSP
Senior and Long Term Care http://www.dphhs.mt.gov/sltc/index.htm	 Provider Search Home/Housing Options Healthy Living Government Programs Publications Protective/Legal Services Financial Planning
ACS EDI Gateway www.acs-gcro.com/Medicaid_Account/Montana/ montana.htm	ACS EDI Gateway is Montana's HIPAA clearinghouse. Visit this website for more information on: • Provider Services • EDI Support • Enrollment • Manuals • Software • Companion Guides
Washington Publishing Company www.wpc-edi.com	 EDI implementation guides HIPAA implementation guides and other tools EDI education

Key Contacts ii.3



Introduction

Thank you for your willingness to serve clients of the Montana Medicaid program and other medical assistance programs administered by the Department of Public Health and Human Services.

Manual Organization

This manual provides information specifically for providers of hospice services. Additional essential information for providers is contained in the separate *General Information For Providers* manual. Each provider is asked to review both manuals.

A table of contents and an index allow you to quickly find answers to most questions. The margins contain important notes with extra space for writing notes. Each manual contains a list of *Key Contacts* at the beginning. We have also included a space on the back side of the front cover to record your Medicaid Provider ID number for quick reference when calling Provider Relations.

Manual Maintenance

Manuals must be kept current. Changes to manuals are provided through notices and replacement pages. When replacing a page in a manual, file the old pages and notices in the back of the manual for use with claims that originated under the old policy.

Rule References

Providers must be familiar with all current rules and regulations governing the Montana Medicaid program. Provider manuals are to assist providers in billing Medicaid; they do not contain all Medicaid rules and regulations. Rule citations in the text are a reference tool; they are not a summary of the entire rule. In the event that a manual conflicts with a rule, the rule prevails. Links to rules are available on the Provider Information website (see *Key Contacts*). Paper copies of rules are available through Provider Relations, the Department (Senior and Long Term Care) and the Secretary of State's office (see *Key Contacts*). In addition to the general Medicaid rules outlined in the *General Information For Providers* manual, the following rules and regulations are also applicable to the hospice program:

- Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)
 - 42 CFR 418 Hospice Care
- Montana Codes Annotated (MCA)
 - MCA 53-6-101 Montana Medicaid Program Authorization of Services



Introduction 1.1

- Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM)
 - ARM 37.40.801 37.40.830 Hospice

Claims Review (MCA 53-6-111, ARM 37.85.406)

The Department is committed to paying Medicaid provider's claims as quickly as possible. Medicaid claims are electronically processed and usually are not reviewed by medical experts prior to payment to determine if the services provided were appropriately billed. Although the computerized system can detect and deny some erroneous claims, there are many erroneous claims which it cannot detect. For this reason, payment of a claim does not mean that the service was correctly billed or the payment made to the provider was correct. Periodic retrospective reviews are performed which may lead to the discovery of incorrect billing or incorrect payment. If a claim is paid and the Department later discovers that the service was incorrectly billed or paid or the claim was erroneous in some other way, the Department is required by federal regulation to recover any overpayment, regardless of whether the incorrect payment was the result of Department or provider error or other cause.

Getting Questions Answered

The provider manuals are designed to answer most questions; however, questions may arise that require a call to a specific group (such as a program officer or Provider Relations). The list of *Key Contacts* at the front of this manual has important phone numbers and addresses pertaining to this manual. The *Introduction* chapter in the *General Information For Providers* manual also has a list of contacts for specific program policy information. Medicaid manuals, notices, replacement pages, fee schedules, forms, and much more are available on the Provider Information website (see *Key Contacts*).



Covered Services

General Coverage Principles

Hospice programs provide health and support services to terminally ill clients and their families. These programs focus on palliative rather than curative care to help the client and those closest to the client come to terms with the terminal condition and live the remaining life as fully as possible.

When a client selects hospice, he or she waives all Medicaid benefits related to curative care. The client may receive palliative services provided by the designated hospice, the client's attending physician, or room and board by a nursing facility if the client is a resident. This chapter provides information on covered services supplied by hospice providers. Like all health care services received by Medicaid clients, services provided by hospice providers must also meet the general requirements listed in the *Provider Requirements* chapter of the *General Information For Providers* manual.

Services provided by the hospice (ARM 37.40.805)

- The hospice must be licensed under state law.
- The hospice must meet Medicare's conditions of participation and have a valid provider agreement with Medicare.
- The hospice must provide the Department with a list of physician volunteers and physicians employed by the hospice. This list must be kept current.
- The hospice must notify the Department when the client's attending physician is not a hospice employee.

Services provided by physicians (ARM 37.40.801)

Physician services are defined as those services provided by individuals licensed under their state medical practice act to practice medicine or osteopathy.

Services provided by contract staff (42 CFR 418.90)

A hospice may use contracted staff to supplement hospice employees during periods of peak client loads or other extraordinary circumstances. The hospice remains responsible for the quality or services provided by contracted staff.

Non-covered services

 Medicaid will not pay separately for palliative services. It is the responsibility of the hospice to provide all palliative treatment, which is included in the hospice daily rate.

Covered Services 2.1

- Services used for curative care are not covered by the hospice or by Medicaid for hospice clients. For example, chemotherapy and radium are not covered for curative purposes but may be provided by the hospice when the purpose is to make the client more comfortable.
- Services provided by a hospice other than the elected hospice are not covered. However, services provided by a provider (or another hospice) other than the hospice or the client's attending physician are only covered when the hospice has a contract with the provider.
- Medicaid does not cover physician services provided on a volunteer basis.

Client Enrollment

Hospice services are covered only for Medicaid clients enrolled in the hospice program. The following are client enrollment policies.

- The Medicaid client must be certified as terminally ill, and certification must be submitted to Medicaid (see *Physician's certification* in following table).
- During the election process, the hospice must explain the benefits the client will receive and those the client is waiving (see *Election statement* in following table).
- The hospice must establish a plan of care for the client (see *Plan of care* in following table).
- A client may receive hospice care until he or she is no longer certified as terminally ill or until the election of hospice is revoked (see *Revocation statement* in following table).
- The hospice must obtain certification of the client's terminal illness for two consecutive 90-day periods followed by an unlimited number of 60-day periods (see *Physician's certification statement and Physician's recertification statement* in following table).
- A client may change hospice providers once in each election period. The
 client submits a signed statement identifying the current hospice and the
 newly designated hospice. This statement must give the effective date of
 change. Both hospices must retain copies of this statement.
- A client may revoke the election of hospice at any time. After revoking
 hospice election, the client may receive any Medicaid benefits previously
 waived when hospice care was chosen.
- A Medicaid client may elect hospice again at any time as long as the client meets the hospice eligibility requirements.
- A client may live either in his or her home in the community or in a nursing facility while receiving hospice services.
- Hospice providers must provide their own forms which must meet the requirements shown in the following table.
- See also the *Provider Requirements* chapter in this manual.

2.2 Covered Services

	Montana
_	Department
	of Publi
	ic Health
	and Human
-	Servic
•	es

Hospice Form Requirements See Appendix A For Sample Forms **Form** Requirements • The interdisciplinary group must assess the client's needs and develop a written plan of • The group member who writes the plan must confer with at least one physician or nurse Plan of care member of the group while developing the plan. • The other group members must review the client's plan of care. • The hospice must provide services in accordance with the plan. • The election statement must include the following: • Name of the hospice that will provide care. • An acknowledgment that the client understands that hospice provides palliative care, not curative, for the terminal illness. An acknowledgment that certain other Medicaid services are being waived when hos-Election pice is elected. statement • The client's or representative's signature. • A representative may be used for a client who is physically or mentally incapacitated. The representative may sign the election statement, sign the waiver of benefits or revocation statements, or change hospice providers on behalf of the client. The hospice must submit a copy of the election statement(s) to the Department's Senior and Long Term Care Division (see *Key Contacts*), and give a copy to the client. • The revocation statement must include the following: • Effective date for the revocation of Medicaid hospice care. Revocation • The client's or representative's signature. statement • The effective date of the revocation must be on or after the date the form is signed. • Copy of form must be mailed to the Department's Senior and Long Term Care Division

Physician's certification

statement

- The hospice obtains and documents the certification of terminal illness.
- The certification must be obtained verbally within two calendar days after hospice care is initiated.

(see *Key Contacts*) within two business days after hospice receives the statement.

- Written certification must be obtained before billing Medicaid for services. Failure to
 obtain certification in a timely manner may result in the provider repaying the Department for claims.
- The initial certification is for 90 days.
- The initial certification must be signed by the medical director of the hospice or the physician member of the interdisciplinary group and the client's attending physician, if he or she has one.

Physician's recertification statement

- The hospice must obtain a recertification statement stating that the client is terminally ill.
- Verbal recertification must be obtained within two calendar days from the beginning of each subsequent benefit period as defined by Medicare regulations.
- Written certification must be on file before submitting a claim. Failure to obtain recertification in a timely manner may result in the provider repaying the Department for claims.
- The form must be signed by the medical director of the hospice or the physician member of the hospice's interdisciplinary group or the client's attending physician, if he or she has one.
- Certification and the first recertification periods are for 90 days and can be followed by an unlimited number of 60-day extensions.

Covered Services 2.3

Coverage of Specific Services

The hospice must provide all services necessary for the palliation or management of the terminal illness and related conditions. Medicaid generally covers services that are covered under Medicare. In cases where Medicaid and Medicare policies are different, Medicaid policy applies. Medicaid also covers non-curative services that are not provided by the designated hospice such as insulin for diabetics. A hospice is required to provide the following services through the hospice or under contract with another provider. All palliative services, including the following, are included in the daily rate.

Counseling services

Counseling services are provided to the client and the family members or others caring for the client at the client's home. The hospice will train the client's family or other caregiver to provide care and to help the client and those caring for the client to adjust to the person's approaching death. Counseling services also include dietary, spiritual, bereavement, and other counseling. Bereavement counseling is provided for up to one year following the client's death and is available to the client's family and those close enough to the client to be considered family.

Crisis services

Continuous home care is provided only during a period of crisis. A period of crisis is a period in which a person requires continuous care to achieve palliation or management of acute medical symptoms. Nursing care during a crisis must be provided by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse. A minimum of eight hours of nursing care must be provided during a 24-hour day, with more than 50% of the care provided by licensed nurses. Home health aide and homemaker services may also be provided to supplement the nursing care during a period of crisis. The eight hours of nursing care does not have to be contiguous throughout the 24-hour period.

Home health aide services

Home health aides may provide personal care services such as bathing, dressing, grooming, etc. Aides may perform household services to maintain a safe and sanitary environment in areas of the home used by the client, such as changing bed linens or light cleaning and laundering essential to the comfort and cleanliness of the client. Aide services must be provided under the general supervision of a registered nurse. Homemaker services may include assistance in maintenance of a safe and healthy environment and services to enable the provider to carry out the treatment plan.

When a client is receiving short-term care in a nursing facility during a crisis period, 24-hour nursing services must be provided for the client.

2.4 Covered Services

Inpatient hospice care

Inpatient hospice care is provided when a client's symptoms become too severe for caregivers to manage at home. Inpatient hospice care includes procedures necessary for pain control or acute or chronic symptoms management. Care must be provided in a Medicaid/Medicare certified hospital or a skilled nursing facility under contract with the hospice.

Inpatient respite care

The hospice may provide inpatient respite care for the client's family or others caring for the client at home. The facility must also provide treatments, medications, and diet as prescribed. Inpatient respite care must be provided in an inpatient hospice unit or a Medicaid/Medicare certified hospital or nursing facility under contract with the hospice. The hospice is paid for up to five consecutive days of respite care at a time. Medicaid does not cover respite care when the client lives in a nursing facility.

Medical supplies

Medical appliances, durable medical equipment and supplies including drugs and biologicals, and other self-help and personal comfort items related to the palliation or management of the client's terminal illness are included in the hospice payment. The hospice must provide these supplies for use in the client's home while he or she is receiving hospice care. Medical supplies must be specified in the written plan of care. When a client requires medication that is not related to their terminal condition and not curative (e.g., insulin), it will be covered by the client's Medicaid pharmacy benefits.

Nursing services

The hospice must employ a registered nurse to coordinate client care so that all the client's needs are met. During a crisis period (see *Definitions*), nursing services must be provided directly to the client by a registered nurse (see *Crisis services* earlier in this chapter). Inpatient hospice and respite facilities must have a registered nurse available within the facility 24 hours a day.

Physician services

The hospice must employ a physician as the hospice director and/or to provide medical care that is not being met by the client's attending physician. These services are included in hospice daily rate and are not billed separately.

Services provided by the client's attending physician are covered when the services are palliative only and not related to the treatment of the terminal (or related) condition for which the hospice care was elected. For example, a client who has diabetes may be treated for it by his or her attending physician. All drugs directly related to the terminal condition or for pain are prescribed by the client's attending physician (or hospice director if the client has no attending physician) and supplied by the hospice. When the client is treated by his or

Covered Services 2.5

her attending physician, the physician bills Medicaid separately from the hospice and this fee is not included in the hospice cap. When billing Medicaid for physician services, refer to the *Physician Related Services* manual.

Social worker services

Medical social services must be provided by a social worker who has at least a bachelor's degree from a school accredited or approved by the Council on Social Work Education, and who is working under the direction of a physician.

Therapy services

Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech/language pathology services may be provided to maintain activities of daily living and basic functional skills.

Other Programs

This is how the information in this manual applies to Department programs other than Medicaid.

Mental Health Services Plan (MHSP)

The information in this manual does not apply to the Mental Health Services Plan (MHSP). Clients who qualify for MHSP may receive mental health services during hospice care. For more information on the MHSP program, see the *Mental Health Manual* available on the Provider Information website (see *Key Contacts*).

Children's Health Insurance Plan (CHIP)

The information in this manual does not apply to CHIP clients. For a CHIP medical manual, contact BlueCross BlueShield of Montana at (800) 447-7828 x8647. Additional information regarding CHIP is available on the CHIP website (see *Key Contacts*).

2.6 Covered Services



Coordination of Benefits

When Clients Have Other Coverage

Medicaid clients often have coverage through Medicare, workers' compensation, employment-based coverage, individually purchased coverage, etc. Coordination of benefits is the process of determining which source of coverage is the primary payer in a particular situation. In general, providers should bill other carriers before billing Medicaid, but there are some exceptions (see *Exceptions to Billing Third Party First* in this chapter). Medicare is processed differently than other sources of coverage.

Identifying Additional Coverage

The client's Medicaid eligibility verification may identify other payers such as Medicare or other third party payers (see the *General Information For Providers* manual, *Client Eligibility and Responsibilities*). If a client has Medicare, the Medicare ID number is provided. If a client has additional coverage, the carrier is shown. Some examples of third party payers include:

- Private health insurance
- Employment-related health insurance
- Workers' Compensation Insurance*
- Health insurance from an absent parent
- Automobile insurance*
- Court judgments and settlements*
- Long term care insurance

*These third party payers (and others) may **not** be listed on the client's eligibility verification.

Providers should use the same procedures for locating third party sources for Medicaid clients as for their non-Medicaid clients. Providers cannot refuse service because of a third party payer or potential third party payer.

When a Client Has Medicare

Medicare claims are processed and paid differently than other non-Medicaid claims. The other sources of coverage are called "third party liability", but Medicare is not.

Coordination of Benefits 3.1

Medicare claims

Medicare Part A covers hospice services. Any claims for services covered by Medicare must be submitted to Medicare before submitting to Medicaid. After Medicare processes the claim, an Explanation of Medicare Benefits (EOMB) is sent to the provider, and the provider can then bill Medicaid.

When the provider knows Medicare will not cover services at a particular time, the claim does not need to be submitted to Medicare first. Providers may submit the claim directly to Medicaid and certify that Medicare is not covering the service by writing "Force Exc. 261 - Hospice Room & Board" in form locator (FL) 84 of the UB-92 claim form. This exact wording must be used and written in dark ink, or the claim will be denied.

When submitting electronic claims with paper attachments, see the *Billing Electronically with Paper Attachments* section of the *Submitting a Claim* chapter.

When submitting a claim with the Medicare EOMB, use Medicaid billing instructions and codes. Medicare's instructions, codes, and modifiers may not be the same as Medicaid's. The claim must also include the Medicaid provider number and Medicaid client ID number.

When a Client Has TPL (ARM 37.85.407)

When a Medicaid client has additional medical coverage (other than Medicare), it is often referred to as third party liability or TPL. In most cases, providers must bill other insurance carriers before billing Medicaid.

Providers are required to notify their clients that any funds the client receives from third party payers (when the services were billed to Medicaid) must be turned over to the Department. The following words printed on the client's statement will fulfill this obligation, "When services are covered by Medicaid and another source, any payment the client receives from the other source must be turned over to Medicaid."

Exceptions to billing third party first

When a Medicaid client is also covered by Indian Health Services (IHS), providers must bill Medicaid first. IHS is not considered a third party liability.

If the third party has only potential liability, such as automobile insurance, the provider may bill Medicaid first. Do not indicate the potential third party on the claim. Instead, notify the Department of the potential third party by sending notification to the Third Party Liability Unit (see *Key Contacts*).

3.2 Coordination of Benefits

Requesting an Exemption

Providers may request to bill Medicaid first under certain circumstances. In each of these cases, the claim and required information should be sent directly to the Third Party Liability Unit (see *Key Contacts*).

- When a provider is unable to obtain a valid assignment of benefits, the
 provider should submit the claim with documentation that the provider
 attempted to obtain assignment and certification that the attempt was
 unsuccessful.
- When the provider has billed the third party insurance and has received a non-specific denial (e.g., no client name, date of service, amount billed), submit the claim with a copy of the denial and a letter of explanation.
- If another insurance has been billed, and 90 days have passed with no response, submit the claim with a note explaining that the insurance company has been billed (or a copy of the letter sent to the insurance company). Include the date the claim was submitted to the insurance company and certification that there has been no response.

When the Third Party Pays or Denies a Service

When a third party payer is involved (excluding Medicare) and the other payer:

- Pays the claim, indicate the amount paid when submitting the claim to Medicaid for processing.
- Allows the claim, and the allowed amount went toward client's deductible, include the insurance Explanation of Benefits (EOB) when billing Medicaid.
- Denies the claim, submit the claim and a copy of the denial (including the reason explanation) to Medicaid.
- Denies a line on the claim, bill the denied lines together on a separate claim and submit to Medicaid. Include the explanation of benefits (EOB) from the other payer as well as an explanation of the reason for denial (e.g., definition of denial codes).

When the Third Party Does Not Respond

If another insurance has been billed, and 90 days have passed with no response, bill Medicaid as follows:

- Submit the claim and a note explaining that the insurance company has been billed (or a copy of the letter sent to the insurance company).
- Include the date the claim was submitted to the insurance company.
- Send this information to the ACS Third Party Liability Unit (see *Key Contacts*).

If the provider receives a payment from a third party after the Department has paid the provider, the provider must return the lower of the two payments to the Department within 60 days.

Coordination of Benefits 3.3



Billing Procedures

Claim Forms

Services provided by the health care professionals covered in this manual must be billed either electronically or on a UB-92 claim form. UB-92 forms are available from various publishing companies; they are not available from the Department or Provider Relations.

Timely Filing Limits (ARM 37.85.406)

Providers must submit clean claims to Medicaid within the latest of:

- Twelve months from whichever is later:
 - the date of service
 - the date retroactive eligibility or disability is determined
- *Medicare Claims:* Six months from the date on the Medicare explanation of benefits approving the service (if the Medicare claim was timely filed and the client was eligible for Medicare at the time the Medicare claim was filed).
- Claims involving other third party payers (excluding Medicare): Six months from the date on an adjustment notice from a third party payer who has previously processed the claim for the same service, and the adjustment notice is dated after the periods described above.

Clean claims are claims that can be processed without additional information or action from the provider. The submission date is defined as the date that the claim was received by the Department or the claims processing contractor. All problems with claims must be resolved within this 12 month period.

Tips to avoid timely filing denials

- Correct and resubmit denied claims promptly (see the *Remittance Advices and Adjustments* chapter in this manual).
- If a claim submitted to Medicaid does not appear on the remittance advice within 30 days, contact Provider Relations for claim status (see *Key Contacts*).
- If another insurer has been billed and 90 days have passed with no response, you can bill Medicaid (see the *Coordination of Benefits* chapter in this manual for more information).
- To meet timely filing requirements for Medicare/Medicaid crossover claims, see the *Coordination of Benefits* chapter in this manual.

Billing Procedures 4.1

If a provider bills Medicaid and the claim is denied because the client is not eligible, the provider may bill the client directly.

When To Bill Medicaid Clients (ARM 37.85.406)

In most circumstances, providers may not bill Medicaid clients for services covered under Medicaid.

More specifically, providers cannot bill clients directly:

- For the difference between charges and the amount Medicaid paid.
- When the provider bills Medicaid for a covered service, and Medicaid denies the claim because of billing errors.
- When a third-party payer does not respond.
- When services are provided by a hospice volunteer physician. Medicaid may not be billed for those services either.

Client Cost Sharing

Hospice clients are exempt from Medicaid cost sharing. Providers may not charge for cost sharing on any services provided to the hospice client.

When Clients Have Other Insurance

If a Medicaid client is also covered by Medicare, has other insurance, or some other third party is responsible for the cost of the client's health care, see the *Coordination of Benefits* chapter in this manual.

Billing for Retroactively Eligible Clients

When a client becomes retroactively eligible for Medicaid, the provider has 12 months from the date retroactive eligibility was determined to bill for those services. When submitting claims for retroactively eligible clients, attach a copy of the FA-455 (Eligibility determination letter) to the claim if the date of service is more than 12 months earlier than the date the claim is submitted. For more information on retroactive eligibility, see the *Client Eligibility and Responsibilities* chapter in the *General Information For Providers* manual.

Using the Medicaid Fee Schedule

When billing Medicaid, it is important to use the Department's fee schedule for your provider type. The hospice fee schedule is updated each October. Current fee schedules are available on the *Provider Information* web site (see *Key Contacts*). For disk or hardcopy, contact Provider Relations (see *Key Contacts*).

Coding

Hospice services are billed with five revenue codes and various ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes. The following suggestions may help reduce coding errors and unnecessary claim denials:

4.2 Billing Procedures

- Use current ICD-9-CM coding books.
- Always read the complete description and guidelines in the coding books.
 Relying on short descriptions can result in inappropriate billing.
- Attend classes on coding offered by certified coding specialists.

Billing For Hospice Services

Medicaid pays the hospice for each day a client is under hospice care. The payment amounts, limits, and cap amounts are the same as in the Medicare program. The daily rate paid to hospices covers all services normally paid for by Medicare. Rates are set for routine home care, inpatient respite care, general in inpatient care, and continuous home care. Providers must bill for only one of these four fixed daily rates established by Medicare that include all services except for certain physician services and room and board for clients living in a long-term care facility. Please refer to the hospice fee schedule located on the *Provider Information web site* or available from Provider Relations (see *Key Contacts*).

Routine home care day

This is a day in which the client is at home and is not receiving continuous home care during a crisis and is billed per day.

Continuous home care

This is a day in which the client receives nursing services, home health, or homemaker services on a continuous basis during a period of crisis (see *Definitions*). The hospice must provide at least eight hours of nursing care per 24 hour period, which does not have to be continuous. Continuous care is billed using the hourly rate for the hours of service provided.

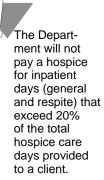
Inpatient respite day

This is a day in which the client receives inpatient care for respite. The hospice can bill for up to five consecutive days beginning with the day of admission, but excluding the day of discharge. Any respite care days beyond the five consecutive covered days must be billed as routine home care days.

General inpatient day

This is a day in which the client receives general inpatient care in a hospital for control of pain or management of acute or chronic symptoms that can't be managed in the home. The hospice may bill for the date of admission, but not the date of discharge unless the client is discharged deceased.





Billing Procedures 4.3

Board and room for nursing facility residents

For clients who reside in a nursing facility, the payment rate of the hospice board and room in a nursing facility is the Medicaid rate for that facility, less the client's personal resources applied to the cost of the room and board (and applicable disregards) as determined by the local Office of Public Assistance. This payment replaces the regular Medicaid payment for long-term care while the person receives hospice care. The hospice must instruct the nursing facility to bill the hospice rather than Medicaid. The hospice bills Medicaid and pays the nursing facility for these services.

Billing For Physician Services

The client's attending physician, whether employed by the hospice or not, may be paid separately. These payment amounts are not included in the hospice cap amount. Payment for these services is the Medicaid rate for physician services. Physicians must use the *Physician Related Services* manual when billing Medicaid. Manuals are available on the *Provider Information web site* or from Provider Relations (see *Key Contacts*).

Hospice Cap

The hospice may be paid for up to the current established Medicare cap amount on hospice care for a client. Hospice physician services are included in the cap amount. Room and board payments to a long-term care facility and certain payments to the client's attending physician (according to Medicare criteria) are not considered when the cap amount is calculated.

The Most Common Billing Errors and How to Avoid Them

Paper claims are often returned to the provider before they can be processed, and many others are denied. To avoid returns and denials, double check each claim form to confirm the following items are included and accurate.

Common Billing Errors			
Reasons for Return	How to Prevent Returned Claims		
Medicaid provider number missing or invalid	The provider number is a 7-digit number assigned to the provider during Medicaid enrollment. Verify the correct Medicaid provider number is on the billing form.		
Authorized signature missing	Each claim form must have an authorized signature belonging to the provider, billing clerks, or office personnel. The signature may be typed, stamped, computer generated, or hand-written.		
Signature date missing	Each form must have a signature date.		
Incorrect claim form used	Hospice services are billed either electronically or on a UB-92 claim form.		

4.4 Billing Procedures

Common Billing Errors (continued)			
Reasons for Return	How to Prevent Returned Claims		
Information on claim form not legible	Information on the claim form should be legible. Use dark ink and center the information in the field – information should not be obscured by lines.		
Recipient number not on file, or recipient was not eligible on date of service	Before providing services to the client, verify client eligibility by using one of the methods described in the <i>General Information For Providers</i> manual, <i>Client Eligibility and Responsibilities</i> chapter.		
Duplicate claim	 Please check all remittance advices for previously submitted claims before resubmitting. When making changes to previously paid claims, submit an adjustment form rather than a new claim form (see <i>Remittance Advices and Adjustments</i>). 		
TPL on file and no credit amount on claim	 If the client has any other insurance (or Medicare), bill the other carrier before Medicaid, or the claim must be certified by the provider (see the <i>Coordination of Benefits</i> chapter in this manual). If the client's TPL coverage has changed, providers must notify the TPL unit (see <i>Key Contacts</i>) before submitting a claim. 		
Claim past 365-day filing limit	 The Claims Processing Unit must receive all clean claims and adjustments within the timely filing limits described in the <i>Billing Procedures</i> chapter. To ensure timely processing, paper claims and adjustments should be mailed to Claims Processing at the address shown in <i>Key Contacts</i>. 		
Missing Medicare EOMB	When Medicare is involved in payment on a claim, it must have an EOMB attached or be certified by the provider (see the <i>Coordination of Benefits</i> chapter in this manual).		
Provider is not eligible during dates of services, or provider number terminated	 Out-of-state providers must update enrollment early to avoid denials. If enrollment has lapsed, claims submitted with a date of service after the expiration date will be denied. New providers cannot bill for services provided before Medicaid enrollment begins. If a provider requests to be terminated from the Medicaid program, claims submitted with a date of service after the termination date will be denied. 		
Type of service/procedure is not allowed for provider type	 Provider is not allowed to perform the service, or type of service is invalid. Check the Medicaid fee schedule to verify the procedure code is valid for your provider type. 		
Date of service later than date of death	Check that both the correct dates of service and number of days were billed		
Line level date of service missing	The date of service must be recorded in FL45 and must fall within the <i>Statement covers period</i> shown in FL6.		

Billing Procedures 4.5



Submitting a Claim

Electronic Claims

Professional and institutional claims submitted electronically are referred to as ANSI ASC X12N 837 transactions. Providers who submit claims electronically experience fewer errors and quicker payment. Claims may be submitted electronically by the following methods:

- ACS field software WINASAP 2003. ACS makes available this free software, which providers can use to create and submit claims to Montana Medicaid, MHSP, and CHIP (dental and eyeglasses only). It does not support submissions to Medicare or other payers. This software creates an 837 transaction, but does not accept an 835 (electronic RA) transaction back from the Department. The software can be downloaded directly from the ACS EDI Gateway website. For more information on WINASAP 2003, visit the ACS EDI Gateway website, or call the number listed in the Key Contacts section of this manual.
- ACS clearinghouse. Providers can send claims to the ACS clearing-house (ACS EDI Gateway) in X12 837 format using a dial-up connection. Electronic submitters are required to certify their 837 transactions as HIPAA-compliant before sending their transactions through the ACS clearinghouse. EDIFECS certifies the 837 HIPAA transactions at no cost to the provider. EDIFECS certification is completed through ACS EDI Gateway. For more information on using the ACS clearinghouse, contact ACS EDI Gateway (see Key Contacts).
- *Clearinghouse.* Providers can contract with a clearinghouse so that the provider can send the claim to the clearinghouse in whatever format the clearinghouse accepts. The provider's clearinghouse then sends the claim to the ACS clearinghouse in the X12 837 format. The provider's clearinghouse also needs to have their 837 transactions certified through EDIFECS before submitting claims to the ACS clearinghouse. EDIFECS certification is completed through ACS EDI Gateway.

Providers should be familiar with the *Implementation Guides* that describe federal rules and regulations and provide instructions on preparing electronic transactions. These guides are available from the Washington Publishing Company (see *Key Contacts*). *Companion Guides* are used in conjunction with *Implementation Guides* and provide Montana-specific information for sending and receiving electronic transactions. They are available on the ACS EDI Gateway website (see *Key Contacts*).

Submitting a Claim 5.1

Billing Electronically with Paper Attachments

When submitting electronic claims that require additional supporting documentation, the *Attachment Control Number* field must be populated with an identifier. Identifier formats can be designed by software vendors or clearinghouses, but the preferred method is the provider's Medicaid ID number followed by the client's ID number and the date of service, each separated by a dash:

9999999 -	88888888	- 11182003
Medicaid	Client ID	Date of
Provider ID	Number	Service
		(mmddvvvv)

The supporting documentation must be submitted with a paperwork attachment cover sheet (located on the Provider Information website and in *Appendix A*). The number in the paper *Attachment Control Number* field must match the number on the cover sheet. For more information on attachment control numbers and submitting electronic claims, see the *Companion Guides* located on the ACS EDI website (see *Key Contacts*).

Paper Claims

The services described in this manual are billed on UB-92 claim forms. Claims submitted with all of the necessary information are referred to as "clean" and are usually paid in a timely manner (see the *Billing Procedures* chapter in this manual).

When completing a claim, remember the following:

- Please use this information together with the UB-92 Reference Manual.
- All form locators shown in this chapter are required.
- Providers bill Medicaid for hospice services using the following revenue codes:

Revenue Codes						
Code	Description					
651	Routine Home Care					
652	Continuous Home Care					
655	Inpatient Respite Care					
656	General Inpatient Care					
659	Nursing Facility Rate (Hospice Room and Board)					

5.2 Submitting a Claim

Completing a UB-92 Claim Form

FL	Form Locator Title	Instructions							
1-2	Unlabeled fields	Enter the hospice agency name, address, and phone number							
4	Type of Bill	Use 81X for non-hospital based and 82X for hospital based hospice services. Only values of 81X and 82 X will be accepted. For more information, see the UB-92 Reference manual.							
6	Statement covers period	Enter the beginning and ending dates of service.							
12	Patient Name	Medicaid client's last name, first name, and middle initial							
22	Patient Status	If the client has been discharged to an inpatient care facility, enter "04", otherwise leave blank.							
42	Revenue Codes	Enter the appropriate revenue code (see <i>Revenue Code</i> table on the previous page).							
43	Description	Revenue code description (see <i>Revenue Code</i> table on the previous page)							
45	Serv. Date	Date of service (must be within Statement covers period shown in FL6)							
46	Serv. Units	Number of services (or days)							
47	Total Charges	Enter the sum of all charges for this service.							
50*	Payer	When a client receives hospice care in a nursing facility, enter the client's name.							
51	Provider Number	Hospice provider's seven-digit Medicaid ID number							
54*	Prior Payments	When a client receives hospice care in a nursing facility, enter the clients personal resources.							
60	Cert SSN - HIC - ID. No.	Enter the client's Medicaid ID number as it appears on the client's ID card. It is nine digits long and is usually the client's social security number.							
67-75	Principal Diagnosis Code	Record the appropriate ICD-9-CM diagnosis code. At least one code is required for payment, and additional codes may be reported in FL 68 - 75.							
82	Attending Physician ID	Enter the name and license number (or UPIN number) of the attending physician.							
84	Remarks	When the client has Medicare and Medicaid, and Medicare denied the claim, enter "Force Exc. 261 - Hospice Room & Board". This statement must be written in FL 84 exactly as shown here, or the claim will be denied.							
85	Provider Representative	The signature of the individual authorized to represent the hospice, which may be hand-written, typed, stamped, or computer generated.							
86	Date	Enter the billing or signature date in MMDDYY format. This date must be on or after the last date of service reported in FL 6 of the claim, or it will be denied.							

* These two fields are required when billing for a client who receives hospice services in a nursing facility.

Submitting a Claim 5.3

Sample UB-92 Claim

Hospice Care Center 123 Medical Drive Anytown, MT 59999								(406) 555-5555 OF BILL 81X										4 TYPE OF BILL		
Anytown, MT 59999					5 FED. TAX					1HROUGH 129/04	7 COV D.	8 N-C D.	9 C-I D.	10 L-R D.	11					
ST1	12 PATIENT NAME	NT NAME 13 PATIENT ADDRESS Rose Floweree										•								
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a b															В					B
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ł	42 REV. CD. 43 DE	SCRIPTION						44 HCP	CS / RATES	3	45 SERV. D	DATE	46 SERV. UN	IITS	47 TOTAL CHA	ARGES	48 NO	N-COVERED	CHARGES	49
1				me Care							02/13		15		1	,725.00				1
3	652	Contir	uou	s Home (Care						02/29	9/04	8	3	_	224:00	_		•	2 3
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ΑÌ									9999											
B C																				A B C
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A																				A
B C																				B
г	67 PRIN. DIAG. CD.	68 CODE		69 CODE		70 CC	DE	71 CC	THER DIAG.	CODES 72 CODE		73 CODE		74 CODE	75 (CODE	76 ADM. DI	AG. CD. 7	7 E-CODE	78
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Mailing Paper Claims

Unless otherwise stated, all paper claims are mailed to:

Claims Processing P.O. Box 8000 Helena, MT 59604

All Medicaid claims must be submitted on Department approved claim forms. UB-92 forms are available through various publishing companies; they are not available from the Department or Provider Relations. A *Medicaid Form Order* sheet is available under the *Forms* section of the Provider Information website.

Claim Inquiries

Claim inquiries can be obtained electronically through ANSI ASC X12N 276/277 transactions or by contacting Provider Relations. See the *Companion Guides* located on the ACS EDI Gateway website for more information on electronic transactions (see *Key Contacts*). Providers may contact Provider Relations for questions regarding payments, denials, and other claim questions (see *Key Contacts*).

If you prefer to communicate with Provider Relations in writing, use the *Montana Medicaid Claim Inquiry* form in *Appendix A*. Complete the top portion of the form with the provider's name and address.

Provider Relations will respond to the inquiry within 7 to 10 days. The response includes the status of the claim: paid (date paid), denied (date denied), or in process. Denied claims will include an explanation of the denial and steps to follow for payment (if the claim is payable).

Avoiding Claim Errors

Claims are often denied or even returned to the provider before they can be processed. To avoid denials and returns, double check each claim form to confirm the following items are accurate. For more information on returned and denied claims, see the *Billing Procedures* chapter in this manual.

Submitting a Claim 5.5

Common Claim Errors								
Claim Error	Prevention							
Required field is blank	All fields shown in the <i>Completing a UB-92 Claim Form</i> section in this chapter must be complete. If any of these fields are blank, the claim may either be returned or denied.							
Client ID number missing or invalid	This is a required field (FL60); verify that the client's Medicaid ID number is listed as it appears on the client's ID card.							
Client name missing	This is a required field (FL12); check that it is correct.							
Medicaid provider number missing or invalid	The provider number is a 7-digit number assigned to the provider during Medicaid enrollment. Verify the correct Medicaid provider number is on the claim (FL51).							
Authorized signature missing	Each claim must have an authorized signature belonging to the provider, billing clerk, or office personnel. The signa- ture may be typed, stamped, computer generated, or hand- written.							
Signature date missing	Each claim must have a signature date.							
Incorrect claim form used	When billing on paper, services covered in this manual require a UB-92 claim form.							
Information on claim form not legible	Information on the claim form must be legible. Use dark ink and center the information in the field. Information must not be obscured by lines.							
Missing Medicare EOMB	When Medicare is involved in payment on a claim, it must have an EOMB attached or be certified by the provider (see the <i>Coordination of Benefits</i> chapter in this manual).							
Line level date of service missing	The date of service must be recorded in FL45 and must fall within the <i>Statement covers period</i> shown in FL6.							

5.6 Submitting a Claim



Remittance Advices and Adjustments

The Remittance Advice

The Remittance Advice (RA) is the best tool providers have to determine the status of a claim. RAs accompany payment for services rendered. The RA provides details of all transactions that have occurred during the previous RA cycle. Providers may select a one or two week payment cycle (see *Payment and the RA* in this chapter). Each line of the RA represents all or part of a claim, and explains whether the claim or line has been paid, denied, or suspended (also referred to as pending). If the claim was suspended or denied, the RA also shows the reason.

Electronic RA

Providers may receive the RA electronically as an ANSI ASC X12N 835 transaction, or through the Internet on the Montana Eligibility and Payment System (MEPS). For more information on 835 transactions, see the *Companion Guides* available on the ACS EDI Gateway website and the *Implementation Guides* on the Washington Publishing Company website (see *Key Contacts*).

MEPS is available through the Virtual Human Services Pavilion (see *Key Contacts*). In order to access MEPS, you must complete an *Access Request Form*. After this form has been processed, you will receive a password. Entry into the system requires a valid provider or group number and password. Each provider or group number requires a unique password, so providers must complete a separate request form for each provider or group.

RAs are available from MEPS in PDF and a flat file format. You can read, print, or download PDF files using Adobe Acrobat Reader, which is available on the "SOR Download" page. The file layout for flat files is also available on the SOR download page. Due to space limitations, each RA is only available for six weeks. For more information on MEPS, see *Payment and the RA* later in this chapter.

Paper RA

The paper RA is divided into the following sections: RA notice, paid claims, denied claims, pending claims, credit balance claims, gross adjustments, and reason and remark codes and descriptions. See the following sample paper RA and the *Keys to the Paper RA* table.

Electronic RAs are available for only six weeks on MEPS.

If a claim was denied, read the reason and remark code description before taking any action on the claim.



The pending claims section of the RA is informational only. Do not take any action on claims shown here.

Sections of the Paper RA						
Section	Description					
RA notice	The RA Notice is on the first page of the remittance advice. This section contains important messages about rate changes, revised billing procedures, and many other items that may affect providers and claims.					
Paid claims	This section shows claims paid and any claims paid with denied lines during the previous cycle. It is the provider's responsibility to verify that claims were paid correctly. If Medicaid overpays a claim and the problem is not corrected, it may result in an audit requiring the provider to return the overpayment plus interest. If a claim was paid at the wrong amount or with incorrect information, the claim must be adjusted (see <i>Adjustments</i> later in this chapter).					
Denied claims	This section shows claims denied during the previous cycle. If a claim has been denied, refer to the Reason/Remark column (Field 16). The reason and remark code description explains why the claim was denied and is located at the end of the RA. See <i>The Most Common Billing Errors and How to Avoid Them</i> in the <i>Billing Procedures</i> chapter.					
	All claims that have not reached final disposition will appear in this area of the RA. The RA uses "suspended" and "pending" interchangeably. They both mean that the claim has not reached final disposition. If a claim is pending, refer to the Reason/Remark Code column (Field 16). The reason and remark code description located at the end of the RA will explain why the claim is suspended. This section is informational only. Please do not take any action on claims displayed here. Processing will continue until each claim is paid or denied.					
Pending claims	Claims shown as pending with reason code 133 require additional review before a decision to pay or deny is made. If a claim is being held while waiting for client eligibility information, it may be suspended for a maximum of 30 days. If Medicaid receives eligibility information within the 30-day period, the claim will continue processing. If no eligibility information is received within 30 days, the claim will be denied. When a claim is denied for lack of eligibility, the provider should verify that the correct Medicaid ID number was billed. If the ID number was incorrect, resubmit the claim with the correct ID number.					
Credit balance claims	Credit balance claims are shown here until the credit has been satisfied.					
Gross adjustments	Any gross adjustments performed during the previous cycle are shown here.					
Reason and Remark Code Description	This section lists the reason and remark codes that appear throughout the RA with a brief description of each.					

Sample Paper Remittance Advice

		DEP	ARTME			C HEALTH 8	k HUMAN SERV	/ICES		
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			M	IEDICA	ID RE	MITTANCE A	ADVICE	HOSDI		SED//ICES
						_				SERVICES CAL DRIVE
	2)	$\widehat{3}$)			$\overline{(4)}$	(5)	ANY	TOWN	MT 59999
PROVIDER#	0001234567	REMIT ADV	/ICE #123	456	WARF	RANT # 123456	DATE:02/04/0	4 PAGE 2	(6)	
										DEACON
RECIP ID	NAME		SERVICE FROM		UNIT OF SVC	PROCEDURE REVENUE NDC	TOTAL CHARGES	ALLOWED	CO- PAY	REASON/ REMARK CODES
(7)	(8)		$\widehat{10}$)	$\widehat{(11)}$	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
PAID CLAIN	IS - NURSING H	OME CLAIMS		,					\bigcirc	
123456789	DOE, JOH	IN EDWARD	011704	013104	15	651	1725.00			
(9)	ICN 00)4031111230007	00					0.00	17	
\cup			***LESS R ***CLAIM				1725.00	0.00 (1572.90	17)	
DENIED CL	AIMS - NURSING	HOME CLAIM	S							
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120400701		4031111230009		010104	13	001	1720.00			· .
*****	*******************TH	E FOLLOWING	IS A DESC	RIPTION	OF THE F	REASON/REMAR	K CODES THAT APPE	AR ABOVE*******	******	******
31 CLAI	M DENIED AS PA	ATIENT CANNO	T BE IDEN	TIFIED AS	OUR INS	SURED.				
MA61 DID	NOT COMPLETE	OR ENTER CO	RRECTLY	THE PATII	ENT'S SO	CIAL SECURITY	NUMBER OR HEALTH	HINSURANCE CLA	IM NUMBF	R.
					5 50					

Key to the Paper RA

Field	Description
Provider name and address	Provider's business name and address as recorded with the Department
2. Provider number	The 7-digit number assigned to the provider when applying for Medicaid
3. Remittance advice number	The remittance advice number
4. Warrant number	Not used
5. Date	The date the RA was issued
6. Page Number	The page number of the RA
7. Recipient ID	The client's Medicaid ID number
8. Name	The client's name
9. Internal control number (ICN)	Each claim is assigned a unique 17-digit number (ICN). Use this number when you have any questions concerning your claim. The claim number represents the following information: 0 00111 11 123 000123 A B C D E A = Claim medium 0 = Paper claim 2 = Electronic claim 3 = Encounter claim 4 = System generated claim (mass adjustment, nursing home turn-around document, or POS pharmacy claim) B = Julian date (e.g. April 20, 2000 was the 111th day of 2000) C = Microfilm number 00 = Electronic claim 11 = Paper claim D = Batch number E = Claim number If the first number is: 0 = Regular claim 1 = Negative side adjustment claim (Medicaid recovers payment) 2 = Positive side adjustment claim (Medicaid reprocesses)
10. Service dates	Date(s) services were provided. If service(s) were performed in a single day; the same date will appear in both columns
11. Unit of service	The number of services rendered under this procedure or NDC code.
12. Procedure/revenue/NDC	The procedure, revenue, HCPCS, or NDC billed will appear in this column. If a modifier was used, it will also appear in this column.
13. Total charges	The amount a provider billed for this service.
14. Allowed	The Medicaid allowed amount.
15. Co-pay	Not applicable for nursing home residents.
16. Reason/Remark Code	A code which explains why the specific service was denied or pended. Descriptions of these codes are listed at the end of the RA.
17. Deductions, Billed Amount, and Paid Amount	Any deductions, such as personal resources or third party liability are listed first. The amount the provider billed is next, followed by the amount of Medicaid reimbursement.

Credit balance claims

Credit balances occur when claim adjustments reduce original payments causing the provider to owe money to the Department. These claims are considered in process and continue to appear on the RA until the credit has been satisfied.

Credit balances can be resolved in two ways:

- By "working off" the credit balance. Remaining credit balances can be deducted from future claims. These claims will continue to appear on consecutive RAs until the credit has been paid.
- By sending a check payable to DPHHS for the amount owed. This method is required for providers who no longer submit claims to Montana Medicaid. Please attach a note stating that the check is to pay off a credit balance and include your provider number. Send the check to the attention of the *Provider Relations Field Representative* at the Provider Relations address in *Key Contacts*.

Rebilling and Adjustments

Rebillings and adjustments are important steps in correcting any billing problems providers may experience. Knowing when to use the rebilling process versus the adjustment process is important.

How long do I have to rebill or adjust a claim?

- Providers may resubmit, modify, or adjust any initial claim within the timely filing limits described in the *Billing* chapter.
- The time periods do not apply to overpayments that the provider must refund to the Department. After the 12 month time period, a provider may not refund overpayments to the Department by completing a claim adjustment. The provider may refund overpayments by issuing a check, or request Provider Relations to complete a gross adjustment.

Rebilling Medicaid

Rebilling is when a provider submits a claim to Medicaid that was previously submitted for payment but was either returned or denied. Claims are often returned to the provider before processing because key information such as Medicaid provider number or authorized signature and date are missing or unreadable. For tips on preventing returned or denied claims, see the *Billing Procedures* chapter in this manual.

When to rebill Medicaid

• *Claim Denied.* Providers may rebill Medicaid when a claim is denied. Check the reason and remark codes, make the appropriate corrections and resubmit the claim (do not use the adjustment form).

The Credit
Balance section
is informational
only. Do not
post from credit
balance statements.

Medicaid does not accept any claim for resubmission, or adjustment after 12 months from the date of service (see Timely Filing Limits in the Billing Procedures chapter.)



Claim Returned. Rebill Medicaid when the claim is returned under separate cover. Occasionally, Medicaid is unable to process the claim and will return it to the provider with a letter stating that additional information is needed to process the claim. Correct the information as directed and resubmit the claim.

How to rebill

- Check any reason and remark code listed and make corrections on a copy of the claim, or produce a new claim with the correct information.
- When making corrections on a copy of the claim, remember to line out or omit all lines that have already been paid.
- Submit insurance information with the corrected claim.

Adjustments

If a provider believes that a claim has been paid incorrectly, the provider may call Provider Relations (see *Key Contacts*) or submit a claim inquiry for review (see *Billing Procedures, Claim Inquiry*). Once an incorrect payment has been verified, the provider should submit an *Individual Adjustment Request* form (in *Appendix A*), to Provider Relations. If incorrect payment was the result of an ACS keying error, contact Provider Relations.

When adjustments are made to previously paid claims, the Department recovers the original payment and issues appropriate repayment. The result of the adjustment appears on the provider's RA as two transactions. The original payment will appear as a credit transaction. The replacement claim reflecting the corrections will be listed as a separate transaction and may or may not appear on the same RA as the credit transaction. The replacement transaction will have nearly the same ICN number as the credit transaction, except the 12th digit over will be a 2, indicating an adjustment. See the *Key to the Paper RA* earlier in this chapter. Adjustments are processed in the same time frame as claims.

When to request an adjustment

- Request an adjustment when an individual line is denied on a multiple-line UB-92 claim. The denied service must be submitted as an adjustment rather than a rebill.
- Request an adjustment when the claim was overpaid or underpaid.
- Request and adjustment when the claim was paid but the information on the claim was incorrect (such as client ID, provider number, date of service, procedure code, diagnoses, units, etc.).

How to request an adjustment

To request an adjustment, use the *Montana Medicaid Individual Adjustment Request* form in *Appendix A*. The requirements for adjusting a claim are as follows:

- Adjustments can only be submitted on paid claims; denied claims cannot be adjusted.
- Claims Processing must receive individual claim adjustments within 12 months from the date of service (see *Timely Filing* in the *Billing Procedures* chapter of this manual). After this time, *gross adjustments* are required (see *Definitions*).
- Use a separate adjustment request form for each ICN.
- If you are correcting more than one error per ICN, use only one adjustment request form, and include each error on the form.
- If more than one line of the claim needs to be adjusted, indicate which lines and items need to be adjusted in the *Remarks* section.

Completing an Adjustment Request Form

- 1. Copy the *Montana Medicaid Individual Adjustment Request* form from *Appendix A*, or download it from the Provider Information website. Complete *Section A* first with provider and client information and the claim's ICN number (see following table).
- 2. Complete *Section B* with information about the claim. Remember to fill in only the items that need to be corrected (see following table):
 - Enter the date of service or the line number in the *Date of Service or Line Number* column.
 - Enter the information from the claim form that was incorrect in the *Information on Statement* column.
 - Enter the correct information in the column labeled *Corrected Information*.
- 3. Attach copies of the RA and a corrected claim if necessary.
 - If the original claim was billed electronically, a copy of the RA will suffice.
 - If the RA is electronic, attach a screen print of the RA.
- 4. Verify the adjustment request has been signed and dated.
- 5. Send the adjustment request to Claims Processing (see *Key Contacts*).

Completing	an Individual Adjustment Request Form
Field	Description
	Section A
Provider Name and Address	Provider's name and address (and mailing address if different).
2. Recipient Name	The client's name is here.
3.* Internal Control Number (ICN)	There can be only one ICN per Adjustment Request form. When adjusting a claim that has been previously adjusted, use the ICN of the most recent claim.
4.* Provider number	The provider's Medicaid ID number.
5.* Recipient Medicaid Number	Client's Medicaid ID number.
6. Date of Payment	Date claim was paid found on Remittance Advice Field #5 (see the sample RA earlier in this chapter).
7. Amount of Payment	The amount of payment from the Remittance Advice Field #17 (see the sample RA earlier in this chapter.).
	Section B
1. Units of Service	If a payment error was caused by an incorrect number of units, complete this line.
2. Procedure Code/ N.D.C/ Revenue Code	If the procedure code, NDC, or revenue code are incorrect, complete this line.
3. Dates of Service (D.O.S)	If the date(s) of service is incorrect, complete this line.
4. Billed Amount	If the billed amount is incorrect, complete this line.
5. Personal Resource (Nursing Home)	If the client's personal resource amount is incorrect, complete this line.
6. Insurance Credit Amount	If the client's insurance credit amount is incorrect, complete this line.
7. Net (Billed – TPL or Medicare Paid)	If the payment error was caused by a missing or incorrect insurance credit, complete this line. Net is billed amount minus the amount TPL or Medicare paid.
8. Other/Remarks	If none of the above items apply, or if you are unsure what caused the payment error, complete this line.

^{*} Indicates a required field

- If an original payment was an underpayment by Medicaid, the adjustment will result in the provider receiving the additional payment amount allowed.
- If an original payment was an overpayment by Medicaid, the adjustment will result in recovery of the overpaid amount from the provider. This can be done in two ways, by the provider issuing a check to the Department, or by maintaining a credit balance until it has been satisfied with future claims (see *Credit Balance* earlier in this chapter).
- Any questions regarding claims or adjustments should be directed to Provider Relations (see Key Contacts).

Mass adjustments

Mass adjustments are done when it is necessary to reprocess multiple claims. They generally occur when:

- Medicaid has a change of policy or fees that is retroactive. In this case federal laws require claims affected by the changes to be mass adjusted.
- A system error that affected claims processing is identified.

Providers are informed of mass adjustments on the first page of the remittance advice (RA Notice section), the monthly Claim Jumper, or provider notice. Mass adjustment claims shown on the RA have an ICN that begins with a "4" (see *Key Fields on the Remittance Advice* earlier in this chapter).

Payment and The RA

Providers may receive their Medicaid payment and remittance advice either weekly or biweekly. Payment can be via check or electronic funds transfer (EFT). Direct deposit is another name for EFT. Providers who wish to receive weekly payment must request both EFT and electronic RAs and specifically request weekly payment. For biweekly payment, providers can choose any combination of paper/electronic payment method and RA.

With EFT, the Department deposits the funds directly to the provider's bank account. If the scheduled deposit day is a holiday, funds will be available on the next business day. This process does not affect the delivery of the remittance advice that providers currently receive with payments. RAs will continue to be mailed to providers unless they specifically request an electronic RA.

To participate in EFT, providers must complete a *Direct Deposit Sign-Up Form* (Standard Form 1199A) (see the following table). One form must be completed for each provider number.

Once electronic transfer testing shows payment to the provider's account, all Medicaid payments will be made through EFT. For questions or changes regarding EFT, contact the Technical Services Center and ask for the Medicaid Direct Deposit Manager (see *Key Contacts*).



Required Forms For EFT and/or Electronic RA

All three forms are required for a provider to receive weekly payment

Form	Purpose	Where to Get	Where to Send
Electronic Remittance Advice and Payment Cycle Enrollment Form	Allows provider to receive electronic remittance advices on MEPS (must also include MEPS Access Request form)	Provider Information website Provider Relations (see <i>Key Contacts</i>)	Provider Relations (see Key Contacts)
Direct Deposit Sign-up Form Standard Form 1199A	Allows the Department to automatically deposit Medicaid payment into provider's bank account	 Provider Information website (see <i>Key Contacts</i>) Provider's bank 	Provider Relations (see Key Contacts)
MEPS Access Request Form	Allows provider to receive a password to access their RA on MEPS	Provider Information website Virtual Human Services Pavilion Direct Deposit Manager of the DPHHS Technical Services Center (see Key Contacts)	DPHHS address on the form



How Payment Is Calculated

Overview

Though providers do not need the information in this chapter in order to submit claims to the Department, the information allows providers to understand how payment is calculated and to predict approximate payment for particular claims.

Hospice Rates

The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) establishes rates for each category of service:

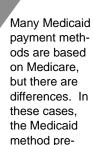
- Routine home care
- Continuous home care
- Inpatient respite care
- General inpatient care

CMS updates hospice care rates annually. They issue a hospice wage index based on the most current available CMS hospital wage data. Medicaid uses the wage index to adjust rates to reflect local differences in wages for different areas of Montana. The following table is an example of hospice rates for Montana as of October, 2003 and may not apply to all areas of Montana and at other times.

		•	ice Rate		
Service	Wage	Index		Unweighted	Total
Routine home care	\$ 81.24	0.9	\$ 73.12	\$ 36.99	\$ 110.11
Continuous home care	473.72	0.9	426.35	215.73	642.08/24 26.75
Inpatient respite care	69.60	0.9	62.64	58.98	121.62
General inpatient care	336.23	0.9	302.61	189.05	491.66

Calculating rates

Hospice rates are calculated annually using the following method. The wage adjusted reimbursement for routine home care is calculated by multiplying the wage component subject to the index (\$81.24) by the index rate (0.9) for a rate of \$73.12. The wage adjusted rate (\$73.12) is then added to the unweighted rate (the wage amount not subject to a wage adjustment) of \$36.99 for a total



vails.

routine home care rate of \$110.11. This method is followed for each category of service. For continuous home care, the total is then divided by 24 to get the hourly rate of \$26.75.

Calculating payment

Providers can estimate the payment received by Medicaid using the following method. In this example, a hospice provides a client with 23 days of routine home care, one five day period of respite care, general inpatient care for three days and 10 hours of continuous home care for one day. To calculate the payment the hospice will receive for this client, multiply the days/hours by the rate for each category of service and total the amounts for a payment of \$4,883.11, less any applicable fees (e.g., incurment, etc.).

Sample Payme	ent Calculation f	or Hospice Cl	ient
Service	Days or Hours	Rate	Total
Routine home care	23	\$110.11	\$2,532.53
Inpatient respite care	5	121.62	608.10
General inpatient care	3	491.66	1,474.98
Continuous home care	10	26.75	267.50
	•		\$4,883.11

Caps

Payment for hospice care is subject to an inpatient cap amount and an overall cap amount. Cap periods are calculated from November 1 through October 31. The same cap amounts that apply to Medicare also apply to Medicaid. These examples are from March, 2004 and may not apply at other times.

Inpatient cap

A hospice's aggregate total inpatient care days (general and respite) during a cap year (November 1 - October 31) may not exceed 20 percent of the aggregate total number of days of hospice care provided to all Medicaid clients during that same period. At the end of the cap period, the total number of Medicaid hospice days is multiplied by 0.2. If the total number of days of inpatient care furnished to Medicaid hospice clients is less than or equal to this number, no adjustment is necessary. If the inpatient care days exceeds this number, the hospice payment during the previous twelve months is calculated to determine if the payment amount is in excess of the amount that should have been reimbursed. If it is, the hospice will have to refund the excess amount.

Overall cap

Overall aggregate payments made to a hospice are subject to a cap amount received by the end of the hospice cap period. The cap period runs from November 1st of each year through October 31 of the next year. The total pay-

ment made for services furnished to Medicaid clients during this period are compared to the cap amount for this period. Any payment in excess of the cap must be refunded by the hospice.

A hospice can calculate the total amount of payment it should have received during a cap year by multiplying the number of Medicaid clients electing hospice care during the period by the cap amount. For example, for services provided from November 1, 2001 to October 21, 2002, the cap amount is \$18,661.29. A hospice receives \$2,408,894.83 from Medicaid during the cap year. The hospice had 129 Medicaid clients. Multiply 129 by 18,661.29. The hospice should not have received more than \$2,407,306.41. The provider must return \$1,588.42.

When determining the number of Medicaid clients who have elected hospice care during the period, providers must consider both of the following:

- The client must not have been counted previously in either another hospice's cap or another reporting year
- The client must file an initial election during the period beginning September 28 of the previous cap year through September 27 of the current cap year to be counted as an electing Medicaid client during the current cap year. This slight adjustment is necessary to produce a reasonable estimate of the proportionate number of clients to be counted in each cap period.



Appendix A

- Physician's Certification for Medicaid Hospice Benefit
- Patient Election for Medicaid Hospice Services by Hospice and Assignment Benefits
- Paperwork Attachment Cover Sheet
- Montana Medicaid Claim Inquiry Form
- Montana Medicaid Individual Adjustment Request

Appendix A A.1

PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATION FOR MEDICAID HOSPICE BENEFIT

Physician Certification of Terminal Illness for Hospice Medicaid Benefit

A.	Certification Statemen	t for First 90-Day Period
		nationally, is terminally ill with a life expectancy of six area area.
	(Date by Physician)	(Hospice Medical Director or Physician Signature)
	(Date by Physician)	(Attending Physician Signature)
В.	Recertification Stateme	ent Second 90-Day Period
	I recertify that the above six months or less.	patient is still considered terminally ill with a life expectancy of
	(Date by Physician)	(Hospice Medical Director or Physician Signature)
C.	Recertification Stateme	ent for 60-Day Period
	I recertify that the above six months or less.	patient is still considered terminally ill with a life expectancy of
	(Date by Physician)	(Hospice Medical Director or Physician Signature)
D.	Recertification Stateme	ent for 60 day Period
	I recertify that the above six months or less.	patient is still considered terminally ill with a life expectancy of
	(Date by Physician)	(Hospice Medical Director or Physician Signature)

PATIENT ELECTION FOR MEDICAID HOSPICE SERVICES BY HOSPICE AND ASSIGNMENT BENEFITS

The undersigned patient hereby elects to receive Medicaid hospice care in lieu of other Medicaid benefits (except attending physician, Medicaid Services not covered by Medicare and room and board in a nursing facility) related to treatment of the condition certified by the attending physician of the undersigned.

I 		read		understand ospice.	the	description	of	service	to	be	provided	by
m	embers	or frier	nds. S	pice cannot probable become stop as the pay that p	me neo	cessary for me	to ha	ave a "live	e-in"		•	•
to	the cer	tified c	ondit	nat in making ion, except for are and room	r the s	ervices of my	atten	ding phys				
				nat I am entitle nd unlimited s			eriod	s of hospi	ice ca	are co	onsisting of	two
sta	atemen			ay revoke this Hospice				•		•	_	
				he foregoing, efits to	_		the s	services o	f an	d her	eby assign	my
D	ated at_			this day or	f	, 20						
Pa	tient Sign	nature				Witness Sign	nature					
	Pa	atient Birt	thdate	_		Patient Name	e (type	e or print)				
	Ā	ge	_			Ad	dress					
	M	ledicaid I	D#	-		Cit	у			State	Zip	



Paperwork Attachment Cover Sheet

Paperwork Attachment Control Number:
Date of service:
Medicaid provider number:
Medicaid client ID number:
Type of attachment:

Instructions:

This form is used as a cover sheet for attachments to electronic claims sent to Montana Medicaid. The *Paperwork Attachment Control Number* must be the same number as the *Attachment Control Number* on the corresponding electronic claim. This number should consist of the provider's Medicaid ID number, the client's Medicaid ID number and the date of service (mmddyyyy), each separated by a dash (9999999-9999999999). This form may be copied or downloaded from our website www.mtmedicaid.org. If you have questions about which paper attachments are necessary for a claim to process, please call Provider Relations at (406) 442-1837 or (800) 624-3958.

Fax to: (406) 442-4402

Montana Medicaid Claim Inquiry Form

Provider Name Contact Person Address Date Phone Number Fax Number	
For status on a claim, please complete the infor or fax to the number shown. You may attach a	mation on this form and mail to the address below copy of the claim, but it is not required.
Provider number	ACS Response:
Client number	_
Date of service	
Total billed amount	_
Date submitted for processing	
Provider number	ACS Response:
Client number	
Date of service	
Total billed amount	
Date submitted for processing	_
Provider number	ACS Response:
Client number	_
Date of service	_
Total billed amount	
Date submitted for processing	

Mail to:

Provider Relations P.O. Box 8000 Helena, MT 59604

MONTANA MEDICAID/MHSP/CHIP INDIVIDUAL ADJUSTMENT REQUEST

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. PROVIDER NAME & ADDRESS

This form is for providers to correct a claim which has been <u>paid</u> at an incorrect amount or was <u>paid</u> with incorrect information. Complete all the fields in Section A with information about the <u>paid</u> claim from your statement. Complete ONLY the items in Section B which represent the incorrect information that needs changing. For help with this form, refer to the *Remittance Advices and Adjustments* chapter in your program manual or the *General Information For Providers II* manual, or call (800) 624-3958 (Montana Providers) or (406) 442-1837 (Helena and out-of-state providers).

3. INTERNAL CONTROL NUMBER (ICN)

A. COMPLETE ALL FIELDS USING THE PAYMENT STATEMENT (R.A.) FOR INFORMATION

4. PF	ROVIDER NUMBER	
	LIENT ID NUMBER	
Zip —		
6. D A	ATE OF PAYMENT	
7. Al	MOUNT OF PAYMENT	\$
HICH NEED TO BE CO	ORRECTED	
DATE OF SERVICE OR	INFORMATION STATEMENT	CORRECTED INFORMATION
EINE NOMBER	STATEMENT	
	Zip 6. DA 7. AN THICH NEED TO BE CO	6. DATE OF PAYMENT 7. AMOUNT OF PAYMENT WHICH NEED TO BE CORRECTED DATE OF SERVICE OR INFORMATION

MAIL TO: Provider Relations ACS

P.O. Box 8000 Helena, MT 59604



Definitions and Acronyms

This section contains definitions, abbreviations, and acronyms used in this manual.

270/271 Transactions

The ASC X12N eligibility inquiry (270) and response (271) transactions.

276/277 Transactions

The ASC X12N claim status request (276) and response (277) transactions.

278 Transactions

The ASC X12N request for services review and response used for prior authorization.

835 Transactions

The ASC X12N payment and remittance advice (explanation of benefits) transaction.

837 Transactions

The ASC X12N professional, institutional, and dental claim transactions (each with its own separate Implementation Guide).

Accredited Standards Committee X12, Insurance Subcommittee (ASC X12N)

The ANSI-accredited standards development organization, and one of the six Designated Standards Maintenance Organizations (DSMO), that has created and is tasked to maintain the administrative and financial transactions standards adopted under HIPAA for all health plans, clearinghouses, and providers who use electronic transactions.

Adjustment

When a claim has been incorrectly paid, the payment amount can be changed by submitting an adjustment request.

Administrative Review

Administrative reviews are the Department's effort to resolve a grievance about a Department decision in order to avoid a hearing. The review includes an informal conference with the Department to review facts, legal authority, and circumstances involved in the adverse action by the Department.

Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM)

The rules published by the executive departments and agencies of the state government.

Administrator

The person licensed by the state as a nursing home or hospital administrator with daily responsibility for operation of the facility. This person may be someone other than the titled administrator of the facility.

Assignment of Benefits

When a provider accepts the maximum allowable charge offered for a given procedure by the insurance company, it is said that the provider accepts assignment.

Attending Physician

A doctor of medicine or osteopathy who is identified by the client at the time of election to receive hospice. The attending physician has the most significant role in the determination and delivery of the client's medical care and must be licensed to practice medicine in the state of Montana.

Audit

A formal or periodic verification of accounts.

Authorization

An official approval for action taken for, or on behalf of, a Medicaid client. This approval is only valid if the client is eligible on the date of service.

Bereavement Counseling

Counseling services provided to the family after the client's death.

Cap Amount

The limit on overall hospice reimbursement, as established by Medicare.

Carrier

A private insurance company.

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Administers the Medicare program and oversees the state Medicaid program. Formerly the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA).

Children's Health Insurance Plan (CHIP)

CHIP offers low-cost or free health insurance for low-income children younger than 19. Children must be uninsured US citizens or qualified aliens, Montana residents who are not eligible for Medicaid. DPHHS administers the program and purchases health insurance from BlueCross BlueShield (BCBS) of Montana. Benefits for dental services and eyeglasses are provided by DPHHS through the same contractor (ACS) that handles Medicaid provider relations and claims processing.

Children's Special Health Services (CSHS)

CSHS provides assistance for children with special health care needs. CSHS assists in paying for medical expenses related to specific conditions, specialty clinics, and finding resources. Medicaid eligible children do not receive assistance with medical expenses from CSHS, but specialty clinics are open to all

children with special health care needs. CSHS is funded by Title V, the Maternal and Child Health Block Grant.

Claims Attachment

Supplemental information about the services provided to a client that supports medical or other evaluation for payment, post-payment review, or quality control requirements that are directly related to one or more specific services billed on the claim.

Claims Clearinghouse

When a provider contracts with a clearinghouse, the clearinghouse supplies the provider with software that electronically transmits claims to the clearinghouse. The clearinghouse then transmits the claims to the appropriate payers.

Clean Claim

A claim that can be processed without additional information or documentation from or action by the provider of the service.

Client

An client enrolled in a Department medical assistance program.

Coinsurance

The client's financial responsibility for a medical bill as assigned by Medicare. Medicare coinsurance is usually 20% of the Medicare allowed amount.

Companion Guide

A document provided by some health plans to supplement or clarify information about HIPAA standard transactions (available on the ACS EDI Gateway website).

Continuous Home Care

Nursing care provided in a period of crisis which will achieve palliation or management of acute medical symptoms. A minimum of eight hours of nursing care must be provided during a 24-hour day.

Copayment

The client's financial responsibility for a medical bill as assigned by Medicaid (usually a flat fee).

Cosmetic

Serving to modify or improve the appearance of a physical feature, defect, or irregularity.

Cost sharing

The client's financial responsibility for a medical bill, usually in the form of a flat fee.

CPT-4

Physicians' *Current Procedural Terminol*ogy, *Fourth Edition*. This book contains procedure codes which are used by medical practitioners in billing for services rendered. The book is published by the American Medical Association.

Credit Balance Claims

Adjusted claims that reduce original payments, causing the provider to owe money to the Department. These claims are considered in process and continue to appear on the remittance advice until the credit has been satisfied.

Crisis Period

A period in which the client requires continuous care to achieve palliation or management of acute medical symptoms.

Crossovers

Claims for clients who have both Medicare and Medicaid. These claims may come electronically from Medicare or directly from the provider.

DPHHS, State Agency

The Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services (DPHHS or Department) is the designated State Agency that administers the Medicaid program. The Department's legal authority is contained in Title 53, Chapter 6 MCA. At the Federal level, the legal basis

for the program is contained in Title XIX of the Social Security Act and Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The program is administered in accordance with the Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM), Title 37, Chapter 86.

Dual Eligibles

Clients who are covered by Medicare and Medicaid are often referred to as "dual eligibles."

Early & Periodic Screening, Diagnosis & Treatment (EPSDT) Program

This program provides Medicaid-covered children with comprehensive health screenings, diagnostic services, and treatment of health problems.

Election Period

A period of time in which an eligible hospice client may elect to receive hospice care.

Electronic Data Interchange (EDI)

The communication of information in a stream of data from one party's computer system to another party's computer system.

Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)

Payment of medical claims that are deposited directly to the provider's bank account.

Emergency Services

Those services which are required to evaluate and stabilize a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including pain) such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in placing the health of the individual (or unborn child) in serious jeopardy, serious impairment to bodily function or serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

Employee

An employee of the hospice or, if the hospice is a subdivision of an agency or organization, an employee of the agency or organization who is appropriately trained and assigned to the hospice unit. Employee also includes a volunteer under the supervision of the hospice.

Experimental

A non-covered item or service that researchers are studying to investigate how it affects health.

Explanation of Benefits Codes (EOB)

A three digit code which prints on Medicaid remittance advice (RA) that explains why a claim was denied or suspended. The explanation of the EOB codes is found at the end of the RA.

Explanation of Medicare Benefits (EOMB)

A notice sent to providers informing them of the services which have been paid by Medicare.

Fair Hearing

Providers may request a fair hearing when the provider believes the Department's administrative review determination fails to comply with applicable laws, regulations, rules or policies. Fair hearings include a hearings officer, attorneys, and witnesses for both parties.

Fiscal Agent

ACS is the fiscal agent for the State of Montana and processes claims at the Department's direction and in accordance with ARM 37.85 et seq.

Full Medicaid

Clients with Full Medicaid have a full scope of Medicaid benefits. See the *General Information For Providers* manual, *Appendix A: Medicaid Covered Services*.

Gross Adjustment

These adjustments are done in a lump-sum payment or reduction without regard to individual claims.

HCPCS

Acronym for the Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System, and is pronounced "hickpicks." There are three types of HCPCS codes:

- Level 1 includes the CPT-4 codes.
- Level 2 includes the alphanumeric codes A

 V which CMS maintains for a wide range of services from ambulance trips to hearing aids which are not addressed by CPT-4 coding.
- Level 3 includes the alphanumeric codes
 W Z which are assigned for use by state agencies (also known as local codes).

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)

A federal plan designed to improve efficiency of the health care system by establishing standards for transmission, storage, and handling of data.

Home

The client's place of residence.

Hospice

A program that provides health and support services to terminally ill clients and their families. Hospice care is an approach to treatment that, recognizing the impending death, focuses on palliative rather than curative care. The hospice seeks to help the client and those close to the person come to terms with the terminal condition and live the remaining life as fully as possible.

Hospice Care

Hospice services provided by a hospice to a terminally ill person.

ICD-9-CM

The International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification. This is a three volume set of books which contains the diagnosis codes used in coding claims, as well as the procedure codes used in billing for services performed in a hospital setting.

Implementation Guide (IG)

The official source of specifications with respect to how the HIPAA administrative and financial transactions are to be implemented (available on the Washington Publishing Company website).

Incurment

The amount a Medicaid client has to pay for their medical services before Medicaid will pay for services. See *Coverage for the Medically Needy* in the *Client Eligibility and Responsibilities* chapter of the *General Information For Providers* manual.

Indian Health Services (IHS)

IHS provides federal health services to American Indians and Alaska Natives.

Inpatient Care

The hospice services provided by an inpatient facility to a person who has been admitted to a hospital, nursing facility, or facility of a hospice that provides care 24 hours a day.

Interdisciplinary Group

A group of qualified individuals with expertise in meeting the special needs of hospice clients and their families. The group must include a doctor of medicine or osteopathy, a registered nurse, a social worker and a pastoral or other counselor.

Internal Control Number (ICN)

The unique number assigned to each claim transaction that is used for tracking.

Investigational

A non-covered item or service that researchers are studying to investigate how it affects health.

Mass Adjustment

Adjustments made to multiple claims at the same time. They generally occur when the Department has a change of policy or fees that is retroactive, or when a system error that affected claims processing is identified.

Medicaid

A program that provides health care coverage to specific populations, especially low-income families with children, pregnant women, disabled people and the elderly. Medicaid is administered by state governments under broad federal guidelines.

Medically Necessary

A term describing a requested service which is reasonably calculated to prevent, diagnose, correct, cure, alleviate or prevent worsening of conditions in the client. These conditions must be classified as one of the following: endanger life, cause suffering or pain, result in an illness or infirmity, threaten to cause or aggravate a handicap, or cause physical deformity or malfunction. There must be no other equally effective, more conservative or substantially less costly course of treatment available or suitable for the client requesting the service. For the purpose of this definition, "course of treatment" may include mere observation or, when appropriate, no treatment at all.

Medicare

The federal health insurance program for certain aged or disabled clients.

Mental Health Services Plan (MHSP)

This plan is for clients who have a serious emotional disturbance (SED) or a severe and disabling mental illness (SDMI), are ineligible for Medicaid, and have a family income that does not exceed an amount established by the Department.

Newsletter

An informational letter sent to providers (such as the *Montana Medicaid Claim Jumper* or the *PASSPORT to Health Provider Newsletter*).

Nursing Facility Services

Services provided by a nursing facility in accordance with 42 CFR, Part 483, Subpart B.

Palliative Care

Care directed at managing the symptoms experienced by the hospice client, which is intended to enhance the quality of life for the hospice client and the client's family, but not directed at curing the disease.

PASSPORT Authorization Number

This number is either the PASSPORT provider's PASSPORT number or Medicaid provider ID. When a PASSPORT provider refers a client to another provider for services, this number is given to the other provider and is required when processing the claim.

PASSPORT To Health

A Medicaid managed care program where the client selects a primary care provider who manages the client's health care needs.

Patient Contribution

Also called *personal resource*, this is the total of all of the resident's income from any source available to pay for the cost of care, less the resident' personal needs allowance of \$40.00.

Pay and Chase

Medicaid pays a claim and then recovers payment from the third party carrier that is financially responsible for all or part of the claim.

Pending Claim

These claims have been entered into the system, but have not reached final disposition. They require either additional review or are waiting for client eligibility information.

Personal Resource

Also called *patient contribution*, this is the total of all of the resident's income from any source available to pay for the cost of care, less the resident' personal needs allowance of \$40.00.

Potential Third Party Liability

Any entity that may be liable to pay all or part of the medical cost of care for a Medicaid, MHSP or CHIP client.

Prior Authorization (PA)

The approval process required before certain services or supplies are paid by Medicaid. Prior authorization must be obtained before providing the service or supply.

Provider or Provider of Service

An institution, agency, or person:

- Having a signed agreement with the Department to furnish medical care and goods and/or services to clients; and
- Eligible to receive payment from the Department.

Rebilling

When a provider submits a claim that was previously submitted for payment but was either returned or denied.

Referral

When providers refer clients to other Medicaid providers for medically necessary services that they cannot provide.

Remittance Advice (RA)

Provides details of all transactions that have occurred during the previous two weeks, includes paid, denied, and pending claims.

Remittance Advice Notice

The first page of the remittance advice that contains important messages for providers.

Representative

A person who is authorized in accordance with state law to execute or revoke an election for hospice care or terminate medical care on behalf of the terminally ill client.

Resident

A person admitted to a nursing facility who has been present in the facility for at least one 24-hour period.

Respite Care

Short-term inpatient care in a hospital or nursing facility provided to the client only when necessary to relieve the family members or other persons caring for the client.

Retroactive Eligibility

When a client is determined to be eligible for Medicaid effective prior to the current date.

Routine Home Care

Each day the client is at home, under the care of the hospice and not receiving continuous home care.

Sanction

The penalty for noncompliance with laws, rules, and policies regarding Medicaid. A sanction may include withholding payment from a provider or terminating Medicaid enrollment.

Social Worker

A person who has at least a bachelor's degree from a program accredited by the Council on Social Work Education and is working under the direction of a physician.

Terminally III

A life expectancy of six months or less, which is certified by a physician in writing.

Third Party Liability (TPL)

Any entity that is liable to pay all or part of the medical cost of care for a Medicaid, MHSP or CHIP client.

Timely Filing

Providers must submit clean claims (claims that can be processed without additional information or documentation from or action by the provider) to Medicaid within the latest of

- 12 months from whichever is later:
 - the date of service
 - the date retroactive eligibility or disability is determined
- 6 months from the date on the Medicare explanation of benefits approving the service
- 6 months from the date on an adjustment notice from a third party payor who has previously processed the claim for the same service, and the adjustment notice is dated after the periods described above.

Virtual Human Services Pavilion (VHSP)

This internet site contains a wealth of information about Human Services, Justice, Commerce, Labor & Industry, Education, voter registration, the Governor's Office, and Montana. http://vhsp.dphhs.state.mt.us

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